बैंकों की बेरोजगार शिक्षित व्यक्तियों के लिए योजना

288. श्री **मिर्जा इर्शाद बेग** : क्या वित्त मंत्री यह बताने की कृपा करेंगे कि :

(क) स्व-रोजगार कार्यक्रम के अन्तर्गत तथा बेरोजगार शिक्षित युवकों को रोजगार उपलब्ध कराने के लिए बैंकों को विभिन्न योजनाओं का ब्यौरा क्या है तथा इस प्रकार की योजनाओं को कब आरंभ किया गया ;

(ख) पिछले तीन वर्षों के दौरान, राज्यवार, वर्ष-वार और बैंक-वार इन योजनाओं के अंतर्गत कितने व्यक्तियों ने ऋण मांगा तथा ऋण की मंजूरी के लिए कितने आवेदन-पत्रों का अनुमोदन किया गया ; और

(ग) इन कार्यक्रमों के लिए देना बैंक, बैंक आफ बड़ौदा और भारतीय स्टेट बैंक को कितने आवेदन-पत्र प्राप्त हुए हैं तथा उपर्युक्त अवधि के दौरान कितने आवेदन-पत्रों का अनुमोदन किया गया तथा कितने ऋण मंजूर किये गये?

वित्त मंत्रालय में राज्य मंत्री (श्री जनार्दन पुजारी) : (क) वर्ष 1983-84 में शुरू की गई स्व-रोजगार योजना के अंतर्गत राष्ट्रीयकृत बैंकों द्वारा लघु उद्योगों/सेवाओं/कारोबार के लिए निर्दिष्ट पिछड़े क्षेत्रों में 10 प्रतिशत वार्षिक की दर से तथा अन्य क्षेत्रों में 12 प्रतिशत वार्षिक की दर से 25,000 रुपये तक के संयुक्त ऋण दिए जाते हैं । इन ऋणों के लिए मार्जिन राशि के रूप में मालिक के अंशदान या अन्य पार्टी की गारंटी नहीं मांगते ।

(ख) बैंकों की वर्तमान आंकड़ा सूचना प्रणाली से प्रश्न में पूछे गए ढंग से सूचना प्राप्त नहीं होती । अलबत्ता, वर्ष 1983-84, 1984-85 और 1985-86 के लिए निर्धारित राज्य-वार लक्ष्यों, प्राप्त आवेदन पत्रों की संख्या और मंजूर किए गए आवेदन पत्रों की संख्या से सम्बद्ध सूचना अनुबन्ध में दी गई है । [देखिये परिशिष्ट 139, अनुबन्ध संख्या 10]

(ग) वर्ष 1983-84, 1984-85 और 1985-86 में स्व-रोजगार योजना के अंतर्गत देना बैंक, बैंक आफ बड़ौदा और भारतीय स्टेट बैंक द्वारा प्राप्त आवेदन पत्रों और मंजूर किए गए आवेदन पत्रों की संख्या नीचे दी गई है ।

बैंक का नाम	1983-84		1984-85		1985-86	
	प्राप्त आवेदन पत्रों की संख्या	मंजूर आवेदन पत्रों की संख्या	प्राप्त आवेदन पत्रों की संख्या	मंजूर आवेदन पत्रों की संख्या	प्राप्त आवेदन पत्रों की संख्या	मंजूर आवेदन पत्रों की संख्या
देना बैंक	4962	2747	5571	2461	5625	2713
बैंक आफ बड़ौदा	8240	6474	11940	9495	14001	9045
भारतीय स्टेट बैंक	130421	81465	89563	59057	78559	51697

(आंकड़े अनन्तिम)

AM*rifc* of Gold by a Diplomat

2fl*. SHRl DHULESHWAR MEENA: Wi* the Minister of FINANCE bo pleased fo stale;

(a) «t«etber it is a fact tbat a diplomat wa« intercepted by the Customs authorities cm May ll, 1986 at Indira Gandhi International Airport while attrntptiftg *fo* smuggle 23 Kga. of *gold* in Ug «ftc»*» without any declaration;

(b) if so, what are the details in tha regard and what action has since heea talcen in the matter; and

(c) what are the rules and regulations to deal with such cases of smuggling by diplomats?

THE MINISTER OF STATE IN THE MINISTRY OF FINANCE (SHRI JANARDHAN POOJARI); (a) and (b) On 12th May, 1986, the officers of Customs Colleetorate, Delhi, seized 20 gold biscuits weighing 23.320 Kgs. at Indira Gandhi International Airport from Shri Mbayi Nyembwe Kadima, Second Secretary in the Zaire Embassy, New Delhi, who had arrived from Singapore by KLM Flight No. KL-836. The biscuits were found concealed in his two suitcases. The matter was taken up by the Ministry of External Affairs with the Embassy of Zaire in Delhi in India, who informed that Mr. Kadima was acting in his personal capacity. Mr. Kadima has been withdrawn by the Government of Zaire from their Embassy in Delhi.

(c) Members of the diplomatic missions are expected to observe the local laws and regulations of the host country in accordance with the Vienna Convention On Diplomatic Relations, to which India is a signatory. Whenever such cases of involvement of diplomats are detected, Government take appropriate action with the co-operation of the Governrnent(s) of the countries concerned and remain in confidential touch with these Governments with a view to preventing any recurrence of such abuses.

Convening of Cancun-type Summit of developing countries

290. SHRI DHULESHWAR MEENA; Will *e Minister of EXTERNAL AFFAIRS be pleased to state:

(a) whether Government's attention had been drawn to the fact that the Tokyo Summit of industrialised countries made no reference to the problems faced by the non-aligned developing countries;

(b) if so, whether in view thereof Government have considered it prober to take initiative to convene a CANCUN-type Summit of developing countries; and

(c) if the answer to part (b) above be in the affirmative what steps have been taken by Government in thai direction?

THE MINISTER OF STATE IN THE MINISTRY OF EXTERNAL AFFAIRS (SHRI K. R. NARAYANAN): (a) The Economic Declaration issued at the conclusion of the Summit of major industrialised countries at Tokyo in May, 1986 did make reference to problems of developing countries. However, the Tokyo Declaration did not respond specifically to the need for a dialogue on a broader approach which is nfeceasary to address effectively the grave problems facing the world economy, particularly the developing countries.

(b) and (c) The Non-aligned Movement during the Chairmanship of India has put forward important proposals for initiating an effective and meaningful dialogue between developed and developing countries.

However, the statement in the North-South dialogue continues. India is remaining in close touch with both developed and developing countries in order to explore possible ways to revitalise the dialogue. The forthcoming eighth Summit of the nonaligned countries in Harare will offer an opportunity for further consultations in this regard.

Indian delegation's visit to Sri Lanka

91. SHRI DHULESHWAR MEENA: Will the Minister of EXTERNAL AFFAIRS be pleased to state:

(a) what further follow up action has been taken in the matter of bringing about a political solution of the ethnic problem in Sri Lanka after the Indian delegation's visit of April 29 to May 4, 1986; and

(b) what has been the Sri Lankan Government's response thereto?

THE MINISTER OF STATE TN THE MINISTRY OF EXTERNAL AFFAIRS (SHRI K. R. NARAYANAN): (a) and 0>) As a result of the visit of the Indian delegation to Colombo from April 29fh to